




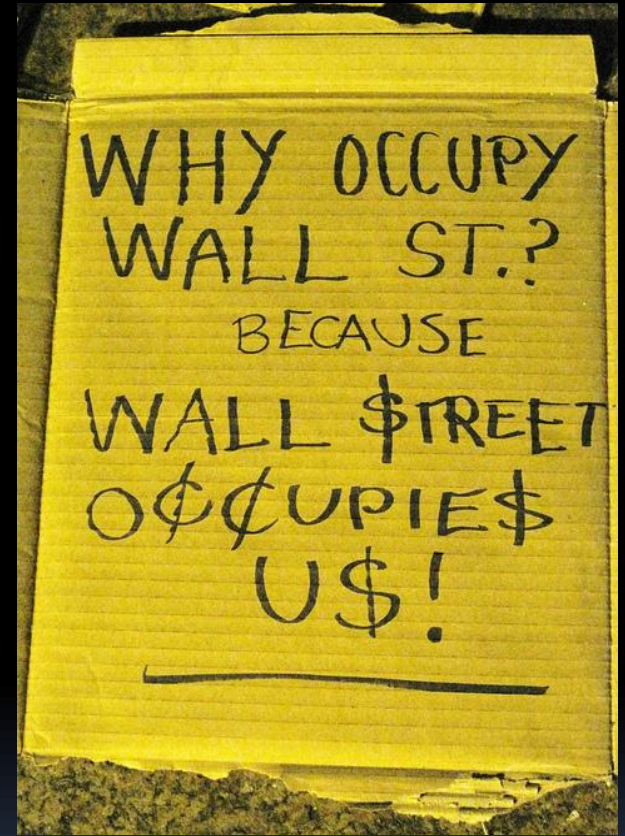
VISUAL VOCABULARY BUILDER FOR *SLUMDOG MILLIONAIRE*

agitate ♥ cesspool ♥ communal ♥ correlate ♥ deteriorated ♥ disintegration
dislocated ♥ incredulous ♥ phenomenon ♥ secularism



Agitate* ♥ (1) to stir-up interest in a cause;
(2) to become upset about worrisome news

- Agitate – verb (first meaning)
- To agitate interest in a cause, people create signs and gather in public places.
- Agitators – noun (first meaning)
- Leaders of a movement are sometimes known as agitators.
- Agitating – adjective (first meaning)
- Agitating signs provide clever slogans “for the cause.”
- Agitation – noun (second meaning)
- Her agitation, about the worrisome news, was visible to all of us.



* Agitate – See Chapter 3 (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)

- Note – Photo by “The Other Bolena.” Copyright, “The Other Bolena,” all rights reserved. Photo online via The Other Bolena’s Photostream at Flickr. Provided here as fair use for educational purposes.

Cesspool* ♥ (1) covered hole or pit receiving liquid waste or sewage; (2) a filthy, corrupt place

- Cesspool – noun (first meaning)
- Before septic tanks or sewer systems were invented to receive human waste, a cesspool did the job.
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- Cesspool - noun (first meaning)
Water flowing into (or out of) a cesspool often smells really bad.
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- Cesspools – noun, plural (first meaning)
- Standing water in cesspools can be a source of disease.
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- Cesspool – noun (second meaning)
- During the time of “Boss Tweed,” New York’s Tammany Hall was a cesspool of corruption.
- * Cesspool – See Chapter 3 (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)
- Note: Photo of Cesspool by Lawrence Whittemore, online via Flickr. License: CC BY-NC-ND 2.0.



Communal* ♥ shared, in common, by members of a community

- Communal – adjective
- In many parts of the world, people get their water not from a convenient tap in their home but from a communal water source.
- Communally – adverb
- People often have to walk long distances to fetch communally shared water.
- Communal – adjective
- The old town of Damascus has a community source of water, including a communal drinking cup.
- *Communal – See Chapter 3 (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)
- Note – This photo, of a communal water site in the old town of Damascus (Syria), is by James Gordon and is online via Flickr. License: CC BY 2.0



Correlate* ♥ (1) to relate or compare two or more things; (2) a relationship in which one part (or person) relates to another

- Correlate – verb
- Scientists can correlate sedimentary rocks – like those in “Outcrop A” and “Outcrop B” – by comparing fossils they find in the various layers.

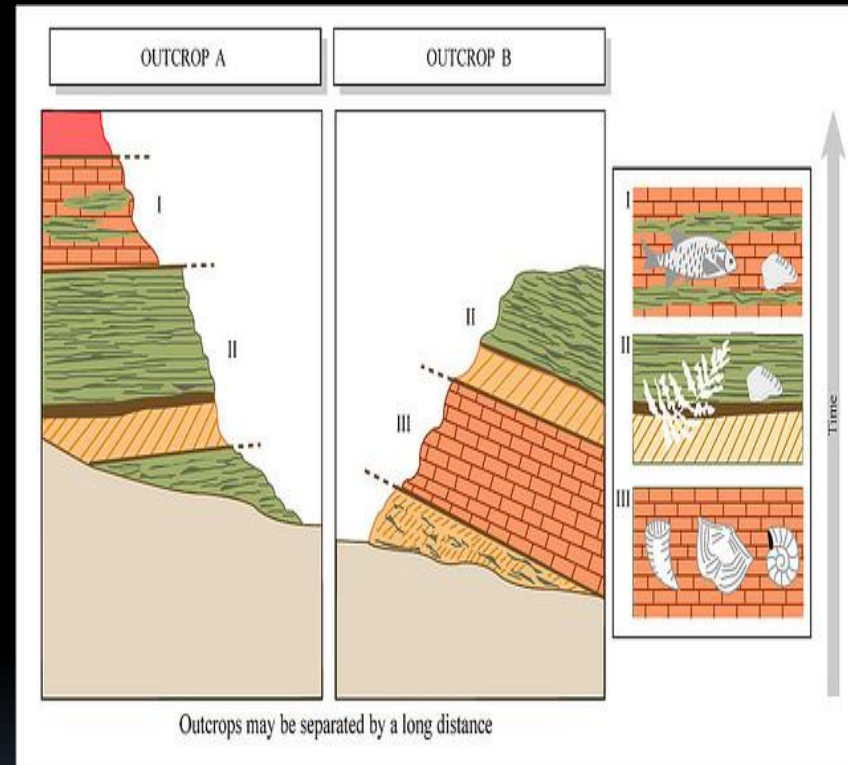
- Correlating – adjective
- Correlating layers of sedimentary rocks include the same types of fossils.

- Correlator – noun
- Fossilized ferns were a key correlator in identifying the second outcrop layer.

- Correlation – noun
- We see a correlation of fossilized ferns in the second layers of both “Outcrop A” and “Outcrop B.”

- * **Correlate** – See Chapter 6 (Jai Ho!)

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Deteriorated* ♥ a breaking down, or worsening, of conditions

- Deteriorated – verb
- After the Vancouver Canucks (a Canadian hockey team) lost a playoff game to the Boston Bruins (an American hockey team), conditions among upset fans deteriorated dramatically.
- Deterioration – noun
- Police who investigated the mob scene wondered whether the deterioration of events was planned or spontaneous.
- Deteriorating – adjective
- Sometimes deteriorating circumstances cannot be contained before mob action takes over.
- *Deteriorated – See Chapter 4 (Anti-Muslim Riots in Dharavi)



- Note – Photo of the mob scene, in Vancouver, by Sharon Wish. Copyright, Sharon Wish, all rights reserved. Photo online via BlueChameleon's Photostream at Flickr. Used here as fair use for educational purposes.

Disintegration* ♥ (1) to shatter, reducing to fragments; (2) to lose cohesion or unity

- Disintegrator – noun (first meaning)
- When members of the 4th Crusade captured Constantinople in 1204, they were disintegrators who burned the Imperial Library and reduced the city to ruins.
- Disintegration – noun (first meaning)
- The disintegration of the Imperial Library included the loss of many ancient sources which had been preserved throughout prior centuries.
- Disintegrating – adjective (second meaning)
- When armies cause massive destruction, like the 4th Crusade did in Constantinople, such actions have a potentially disintegrating effect on the people who endured the trauma.



- *Disintegration – See Chapter 4 (Anti-Muslim Riots in Dharavi)
- NOTE: 1840 painting, by Eugene Delacroix, entitled *The Entry of the Crusaders into Constantinople*.

Dislocated* ♥ displaced; moving from one location to another – usually unwanted or unintended

- Dislocated – adjective
- During the Great Depression, dislocated families were uprooted from their homes due to loss of jobs and resulting lack of income.

- Dislocation – noun
- Elderly people, who thought their retirement was secure, also endured dislocation from family homes they had loved.

- Dislocate - verb
- To dislocate meant leaving behind many family possessions.

- *Dislocated – See Chapter 3 (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)

- Note: Photo from the collection taken by photographers, commissioned by the Federal Government, to document the impact of the Great Depression on American families. Many of those photos were then printed in magazines, such as *LIFE*.



Incredulous* ♥ unwilling, or unable, to believe; skeptical

- Incredulous – adjective
- Pau Gasol - playing basketball for the LA Lakers -
- is incredulous at a referee's call, refusing to
- believe that he'd caused a foul.

- Incredulously – adverb
- Pau Gasol incredulously stares at the referee,
- in disbelief that he committed a foul.

- *Incredulous – See Chapter 6 (Jai Ho!)

- Note – photo of Pau Gasol online, via the Lakers' web site. Photo copyright, LA Lakers, all rights reserved. Image provided here as fair use for educational purposes.



Phenomenon* ♥ an exceptional, unusual or extraordinary event or individual

- Phenomenon – noun
- On rare occasions, a rainbow halo appears around the sun. Such an occurrence is known as an “optical phenomenon.”
- Phenomenal– adjective
- The appearance of a rainbow halo around the sun is a phenomenal event.
- Phenomenally – adverb
- Halos around the sun create a phenomenally beautiful scene.



*Phenomenon – See Chapter 3 (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)

Note: This photo, of an optical phenomenon, is from Macrodebs' Photostream at Flickr. Copyright, Macrodebs, all rights reserved. Image provided here as fair use for educational purposes.

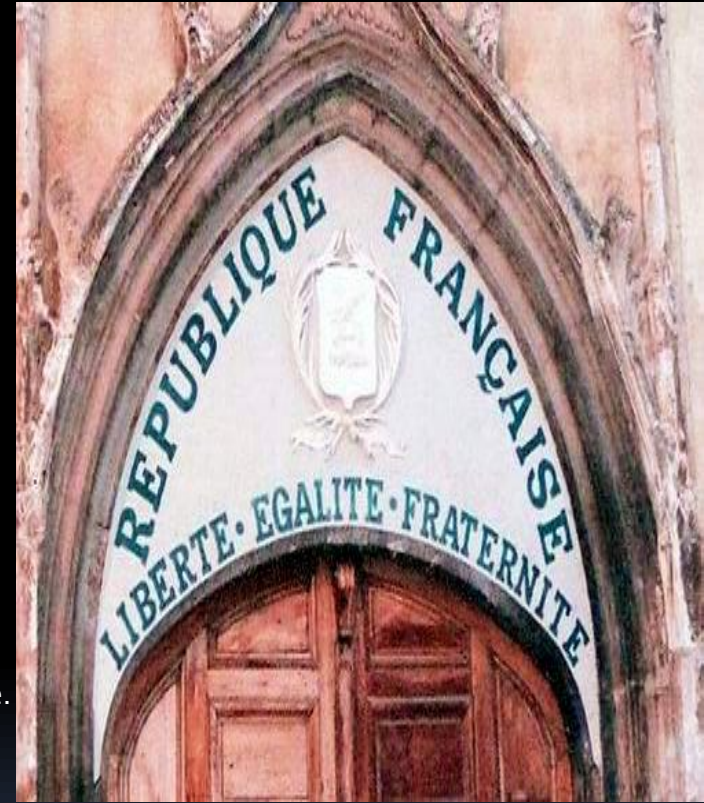
Secularism* ♥ (1) separation of church and state; (2) indifference to - or rejection/exclusion of - religion/religious considerations

- Secularism – noun – (first meaning):
- A church in France – a country where secularism is highly valued -
- has a sign above its door promoting the separation of church and
- State. The words, in English, are: “Republic of France – Liberty,
- Equality and Fraternity.”

- Secular– adjective – (first meaning):
- France, like other countries throughout the world where there is a
- separation of church and state, maintains a secular society.

- Secularist – noun – (second meaning):
- A secularist believes that religion has little, or no, place in everyday life.

- Secularistic – adjective – (first meaning)
- Children studying in American public schools receive a secularistic education.



*Secularism – See Chapter 4 (Anti-Muslim Riots in Dharavi)