



AWESOME STORIES

VISUAL VOCABULARY BUILDER

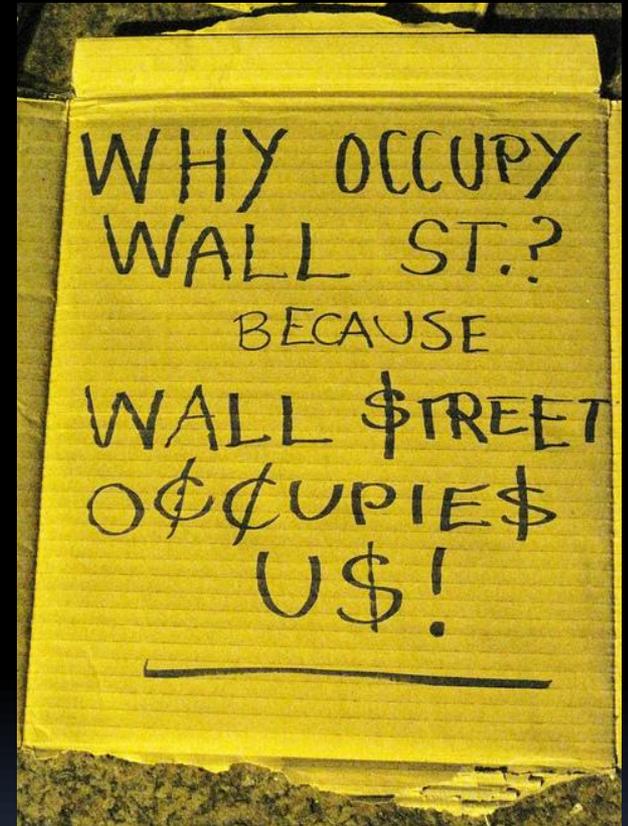
SLUMDOG MILLIONAIRE

agitate / cesspool / communal / correlate / deteriorated / disintegration
dislocated / incredulous / phenomenon / secularism



Agitate* - (1) to stir-up interest in a cause;
(2) to become upset about worrisome news

- Agitate – verb (first meaning)
To agitate interest in a cause, people create signs and gather in public places.
- Agitators – noun (first meaning)
Leaders of a movement are sometimes known as agitators.
- Agitating – adjective (first meaning)
Agitating signs provide clever slogans “for the cause.”
- Agitation – noun (second meaning)
Her agitation, about the worrisome news, was visible to all of us.



* Agitate – See [Chapter 3](#) (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)

- Note – Photo by “The Other Bolena.” Copyright, “The Other Bolena,” all rights reserved. Photo online via The Other Bolena’s Photostream at Flickr. Provided here as fair use for educational purposes.

Cesspool* - (1) covered hole or pit receiving liquid waste or sewage; (2) a filthy, corrupt place

- Cesspool – noun (first meaning)
Before septic tanks or sewer systems were invented to receive human waste, a cesspool did the job.
- Cesspool - noun (first meaning)
Water flowing into (or out of) a cesspool often smells really bad.
- Cesspools – noun, plural (first meaning)
Standing water in cesspools can be a source of disease.
- Cesspool – noun (second meaning)
During the time of “Boss Tweed,” New York’s Tammany Hall was a cesspool of corruption.



* Cesspool – See [Chapter 3](#) (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)

- Note: Photo of Cesspool by Lawrence Whittemore, online via Flickr. License: CC BY-NC-ND 2.0.

Communal* - shared, in common, by members of a community

- Communal – adjective
In many parts of the world, people get their water not from a convenient tap in their home but from a communal water source.
- Communally – adverb
People often have to walk long distances to fetch communally shared water.
- Communal – adjective
The old town of Damascus has a community source of water, including a communal drinking cup.

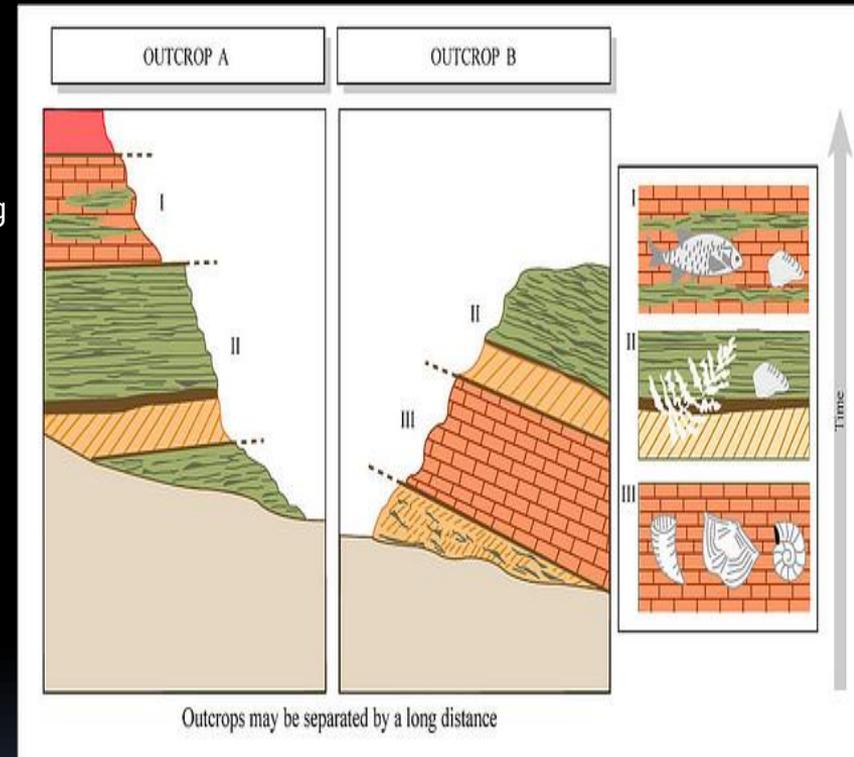


*Communal – See [Chapter 3](#) (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)

- Note – This photo, of a communal water site in the old town of Damascus (Syria), is by James Gordon and is online via Flickr. License: CC BY 2.0

Correlate* - (1) to relate or compare two or more things; (2) a relationship in which one part (or person) relates to another

- Correlate – verb
Scientists can correlate sedimentary rocks – like those in “Outcrop A” and “Outcrop B” – by comparing fossils they find in the various layers.
- Correlating – adjective
Correlating layers of sedimentary rocks include the same types of fossils.
- Correlator – noun
Fossilized ferns were a key correlator in identifying the second outcrop layer.
- Correlation – noun
We see a correlation of fossilized ferns in the second layers of both “Outcrop A” and “Outcrop B.”



* Correlate – See [Chapter 6](#) (Jai Ho!)

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Deteriorated* - a breaking down, or worsening, of conditions

- Deteriorated – verb
After the Vancouver Canucks (a Canadian hockey team) lost a playoff game to the Boston Bruins (an American hockey team), conditions among upset fans deteriorated dramatically.
- Deterioration – noun
Police who investigated the mob scene wondered whether the deterioration of events was planned or spontaneous.
- Deteriorating – adjective
Sometimes deteriorating circumstances cannot be contained before mob action takes over.



*Deteriorated – See [Chapter 4](#) (Anti-Muslim Riots in Dharavi)

- Note – Photo of the mob scene, in Vancouver, by Sharon Wish. Copyright, Sharon Wish, all rights reserved. Photo online via BlueChameleon's Photostream at Flickr. Used here as fair use for educational purposes.

Disintegration* - (1) to shatter, reducing to fragments; (2) to lose cohesion or unity

- Disintegrators – noun, plural (first meaning)
When members of the 4th Crusade captured Constantinople in 1204, they were disintegrators who burned the Imperial Library and reduced the city to ruins.
- Disintegration – noun (first meaning)
The disintegration of the Imperial Library included the loss of many ancient sources which had been preserved throughout prior centuries.
- Disintegrating – adjective (second meaning)
When armies cause massive destruction, like the 4th Crusade did in Constantinople, such actions have a potentially disintegrating effect on the people who endured the trauma.



*Disintegration – See [Chapter 4](#) (Anti-Muslim Riots in Dharavi)

- NOTE: 1840 painting, by Eugène Delacroix, entitled *The Entry of the Crusaders into Constantinople*.

Dislocated* - displaced; moving from one location to another (usually unwanted or unintended)

- Dislocated – adjective
During the Great Depression, dislocated families were uprooted from their homes due to loss of jobs and resulting lack of income.
- Dislocation – noun
Elderly people, who thought their retirement was secure, also endured dislocation from family homes they had loved.
- Dislocate - verb
To dislocate meant leaving behind many family possessions.



*Dislocated – See [Chapter 3](#) (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)

- Note: Photo from the collection taken by photographers, commissioned by the Federal Government, to document the impact of the Great Depression on American families. Many of those photos were then printed in magazines, such as *LIFE*.

Incredulous* - unwilling, or unable, to believe; skeptical

- Incredulous – adjective
Pau Gasol - playing basketball for the LA Lakers - is incredulous at a referee's call, refusing to believe that he'd caused a foul.
- Incredulously – adverb
Pau Gasol incredulously stares at the referee, in disbelief that he committed a foul.



*Incredulous – See [Chapter 6](#) (Jai Ho!)

- Note – photo of Pau Gasol online, via the Lakers' web site. Photo copyright, LA Lakers, all rights reserved. Image provided here as fair use for educational purposes.

Phenomenon* - an exceptional, unusual or extraordinary event or individual

- Phenomenon – noun
On rare occasions, a rainbow halo appears around the sun. Such an occurrence is known as an “optical phenomenon.”
- Phenomenal– adjective
The appearance of a rainbow halo around the sun is a phenomenal event.
- Phenomenally – adverb
Halos around the sun create a phenomenally beautiful scene.

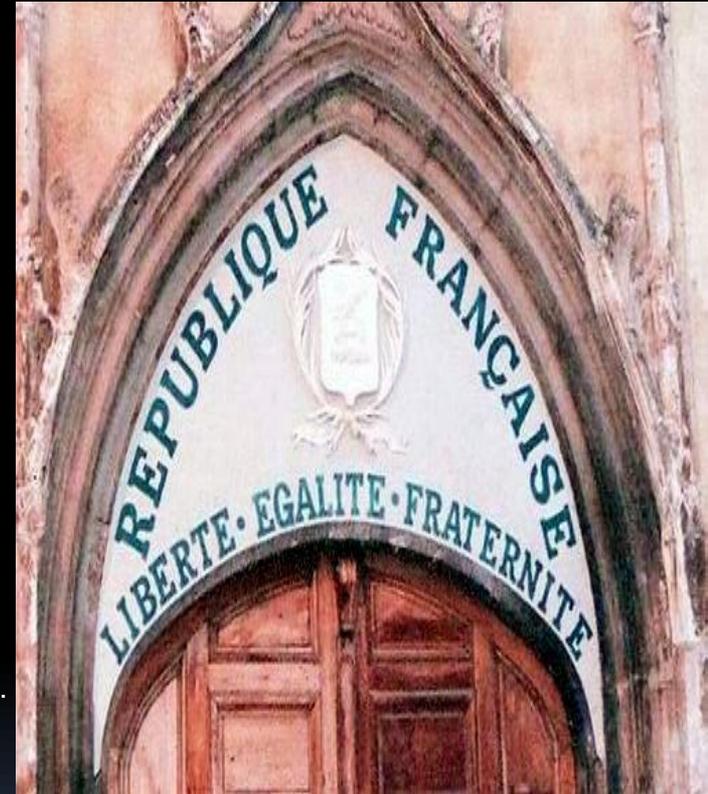


*Phenomenon – See [Chapter 3](#) (Dharavi and the Slums of Mumbai)

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Secularism* - (1) separation of church and state; (2) indifference to - or rejection/exclusion of - religion/religious considerations

- Secularism – noun – (first meaning):
A church in France – a country where secularism is highly valued - has a sign above its door promoting the separation of church and State. The words, in English, are: “Republic of France – Liberty, Equality and Fraternity.”
- Secular– adjective – (first meaning):
France, like other countries throughout the world where there is a separation of church and state, maintains a secular society.
- Secularist – noun – (second meaning):
A secularist believes that religion has little, or no, place in everyday life.
- Secularistic – adjective – (first meaning)
Children studying in American public schools receive a secularistic education.



*Secularism – See [Chapter 4](#) (Anti-Muslim Riots in Dharavi)