THERMOPYLAE



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"The Battle of Thermopylae," painted by Massimo d'Azeglio in 1823. This painting repeats a mistake, about the surrounding terrain at Thermopylae, which other artists have made. <u>Herodotus tells us</u> that a mountain to the west was unclimbable, but to the east the land did *not* meet the sea via huge cliffs.

Thermopylae, in central Greece, was an ideal place for the coalition-defenders to resist a Persian invasion.

An east-west pass,* between the mountains and the sea, was <u>extremely narrow</u>. If this were the place where Xerxes' forces were to make their way into enemy territory, they would have extraordinary difficulty. Huge numbers of men could accomplish little if they couldn't get through.

The topography of Thermopylae fit the Greek battle plan for fighting on land: Delay Xerxes and his men as long as possible. If the Persians couldn't get through, how would they eat and drink? Even if they had tremendous supplies - and even if the army were much smaller than Herodotus tells us - they would still run out of food and water.

Scholars believe the Greek plan was reasonable. It had to be since the very survival of the Greeks, as the determiners of their own future, depended on defeating Xerxes.

Herodotus describes the general terrain which - thanks to Livius.org - we can match with pictures:

The <u>river Asopus</u> ... flows for awhile along the foot of the hills. [This was the general area of the Persian camp.] (Herodotus, <u>Histories</u>, 7.199)

There is also another river called $\underline{Phoinix}$, [meaning, "the purple one"] to the south of the Asopus, of no great size...Behind the river Phoinix is the narrowest place, for here has been constructed a road with a single wheel-track only. Then from the river Phoinix it is a distance of three kilometers to Thermopylae. (Herodotus, Histories, 7.200)

This path ... stretches over the ridge of the mountain and ends ... by <u>the stone</u> called Black Buttocks ... where is the very narrowest part. (Herodotus, Histories, 7.216)

Herodotus says the Greek coalition totaled 4,200 men at the start of the battle. Xerxes, naturally, sent a "mounted spy" to report whether the Greeks appeared scared. Astonished, the Persian told his king that he'd seen Spartans exercising and combing their hair!

Xerxes asked Demaratus what such laughable behavior could possibly mean. Demaratus:

These men have come to dispute the pass with us; and it is for this that they are now making ready. 'Tis their custom, when they are about to hazard their lives, to adorn their heads with care ... Thou hast now to deal with the first kingdom and town in Greece, and with the bravest men. (Herodotus, Histories, 7.209)

Thermopylae - which means "Hot Gates" - takes its name from the <u>hot sulfurous spring</u> nearby. Fighting at the gates would get very hot over the next three days.

Responding to a worried defender, who observed there were so many invaders their arrows would surely darken the sun, Dieneces - a Spartan - famously retorted:

Our Trachinian friend brings us excellent tidings. If the Medes darken the sun, we shall have our fight in the shade.

* Herodotus describes the coastal road as north-south.

See Alignments to State and Common Core standards for this story online at:

http://www.awesomestories.com/asset/AcademicAlignment/THERMOPYLAE-300-Battle-of-Thermopylae

See Learning Tasks for this story online at:

http://www.awesomestories.com/asset/AcademicActivities/THERMOPYLAE-300-Battle-of-Thermopylae

Questions 2 Ponder

Does Calmness, in the Face of a Difficult Battle, Unnerve Opponents?

How does calmness, in the face of a battle, tend to unnerve the other side? Were the Spartans putting on a show for the Persians, as they exercised and combed their hair, or were they following their own general customs of fearlessness in the face of a fight?

Why would the Spartans, who were "about to hazard their lives," think it was important "to adorn their heads with care?"

Do Leaders Always Need Honesty from Their Subordinates?

What did Demaratus mean when he told Xerxes:

Thou hast now to deal with the first kingdom and town in Greece [meaning Sparta], and with the bravest men?

Was this a message Xerxes, the Persian ruler, needed to hear? Why, or why not?

How hard is it for a subordinate to tell a leader what that leader may not want to hear? In other words: How hard is it to speak truth to power? Explain your answer.

Does Fearlessness Inspire Others Who Are about to Endure Hardship?

Was Dieneces, and his lack of fear, an inspiration to his fellow warriors when he learned there were so many enemy soldiers that their arrows would darken the sun? Why, or why not?

What does this picture suggest about the number of warriors on the Persian side versus the number of warriors on the Greek side? If it suggests a totally lopsided position, against Leonidas and his troops, why would they even try to fight?

Have you ever found yourself in a totally lopsided position, but you fought your way through it anyway? Is the effort, to push back, as important as the ultimate outcome? Explain your answer.

Media Stream

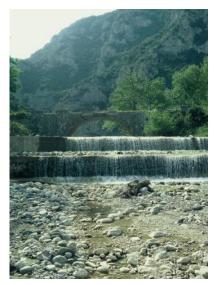


<u>300 - Narrow Passage at Thermopylae</u>

Image online, courtesy Livius.

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River Asopus at Thermopylae
Quoted passage from Herodotus, Histories, 7.199
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River Phoinix at Thermopylae
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300 - Narrowest Passage at Thermopylae Quoted passage from Herodotus, *Histories*, 7.216



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Hot Springs at Thermopylae
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