

0. ROBERT THE BRUCE ACHIEVES THE DREAM - Story Preface

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Wallace had a vision: "Pro libertate - for freedom." Within ten years after his death, the Scots achieved his dream. In 1314, at Bannockburn, Robert the Bruce crushed an English army twice the size of his own. It had not been an easy process.

Legend has it that after one of his defeats, Robert the Bruce hid in a cave to avoid capture himself. While in the cave, he watched <u>a spider</u> trying to make a web. The spider kept falling and starting again. Inspired by those continued efforts, the Bruce told himself:

If at first you don't succeed, try and try again.

He did just that and finally led his country to the brink of independence from England.

By the time of Bannockburn, Longshanks was dead and his son, Edward II, ruled England and Wales. A weak and ineffective king, the first Prince of Wales was no match for the Scottish forces.

After Bannockburn, the Scots set forth their terms of Independence in the <u>Declaration of Arbroath</u>, signed at <u>Arbroath Abbey</u> in 1320. Even the man who had betrayed William Wallace, Sir John Monteith, signed the Declaration. It remains one of the greatest declarations by people fighting to be free.

The pope, who at that time wielded great influence between nations, also approved the declaration of Scottish independence.

But *declaring* independence, and actually *being* free, are different things. Although the <u>battle</u> of <u>Bannockburn</u> did not completely end the fighting, the English had to deal with compelling evidence of Scottish will. An army half the size of Edward II's was victorious.

Peace between the two countries was finally negotiated with the <u>Edinburgh-Northampton Treaty</u> of 1328. Wallace's dream became reality. Scotland was independent. <u>Robert the Bruce</u> became King Robert I.

See Alignments to State and Common Core standards for this story online at:

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Media Stream





Battle of Bannockburn - Map

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One Fleeting Hour: Battle of Bannockburn - by Peter Traquair

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