



**0. Agent of Grace - Story Preface**

1. SUICIDAL RESISTANCE
2. AN UNLIKELY CHOICE
3. A BUDDING INTELLECTUAL
4. HITLER'S 'FINAL SOLUTION'
5. STALKING A MADMAN
6. ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF HITLER
7. HITLER'S HORRORS WORSEN
8. A MARTYR'S DEATH
9. FINAL MONSTROUS ACTS
10. BONHOEFFER'S LEGACY
11. POLITICALLY INCORRECT HEROES

Dietrich Bonhoeffer was a Nazi-resistor and pastor who lived and worked in Germany. He was executed by the Nazis, in 1945, shortly before the war in Europe ended. His statue is included with those of other Modern Martyrs at Westminster Abbey in London.

*If your opponent has a conscience,  
then follow Gandhi and non-violence.  
But if your enemy has no conscience,  
then follow Bonhoeffer.*

Martin Luther King, Jr.  
(Attributed)

See Alignments to State and Common Core standards for this story online at:

<http://www.awesomestories.com/asset/AcademicAlignment/Agent-of-Grace>

See Learning Tasks for this story online at:

<http://www.awesomestories.com/asset/AcademicActivities/Agent-of-Grace>

## Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., was America's greatest civil-rights leader of the 20th-century.

We learn more about Dr. King [from the Library of Congress](#):

*Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., twentieth-century America's most compelling and effective civil rights leader, was born on January 15, 1929, in Atlanta, Georgia. After entering Morehouse College at age fifteen, King followed his father and grandfather into the Baptist ministry. He received a bachelor of divinity from Crozer Theological Seminary in 1951 and a Ph.D from Boston University in 1955. King entered the civil rights movement in 1955. A young, newly married pastor of a Montgomery, Alabama church, he was asked to lead a bus boycott aimed at ending segregation of public transport in Montgomery.*

*The boycott, initiated by Rosa Parks' refusal to surrender her bus seat to a white passenger, lasted over a year and resulted in the desegregation of the city's busses.*

*A founder of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, King advocated non-violent action as a means of lifting racial oppression. Sit-ins, marches, and peaceful demonstrations highlighted issues of inequality.*

*The commitment and moral integrity of activists who remained calm in the face of violent opposition inspired national admiration. Jailed during an Alabama campaign to abolish segregated lunch counters, King delineated his philosophy of nonviolence in the now famous "Letter From the Birmingham Jail."*

*Click on the image for a better view.*

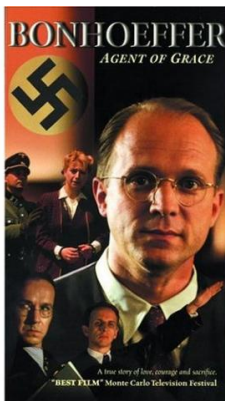
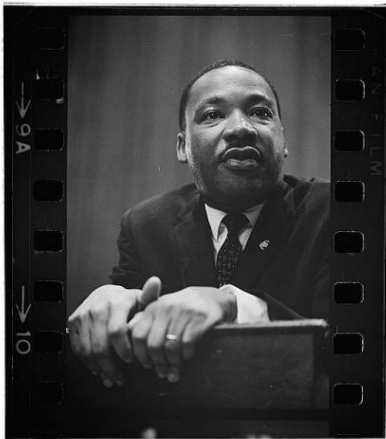
*Image online, courtesy U.S. Library of Congress.*

*Text quoted above from the U.S. Library of Congress, American Memory, January 15th.*

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## Agent of Grace Film

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## Agent of Grace

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